NESTLÉ PROFESSIONAL NUTRITION MAGAZINE

Simple & Authentic Embracing Transparency



an NOMES t APPROACH TO FOOD

There was a time when how food was made mattered a lot less to guests than how it tasted

Today, consumers around the world increasingly care about both. They want to know what their food is made of and where it comes from. And more and more of them are choosing foods made with natural, recognizable ingredients, less artificial dyes or other additives, and this trend continues, it's important to more familiar, authentic, or traditional cooking methods.1

In response to these new preferences, several grocery store chains and food manufacturers have already shifted toward simpler, more natural ingredients,2 and those expectations are beginning to shape what restaurants do, too. As understand how your guests'

expectations are changing, and what you can do to keep delivering great results with a more selective set of ingredients and cooking methods. Let's take a closer look at this movement.

Taking the mystery out of the menu

From the grocery store to the restaurant, today's customers are looking for a combination of transparency and integrity. Which factors are most important to them?



A Simple Ingredient List

The idea of a product made with the least ingredients possible is appealing to 68% of global



Recognizable IngredientsForty percent of global respondents say the absence of artificial colours and flavours is very important when choosing food.4



Local food sales in the U.S. grew from \$5 billion to \$12 billion between 2008 and 2014, and they were estimated to reach \$20 billion in 2019,6 making local sources of meat and produce an important part of what we consume.

Local Sources

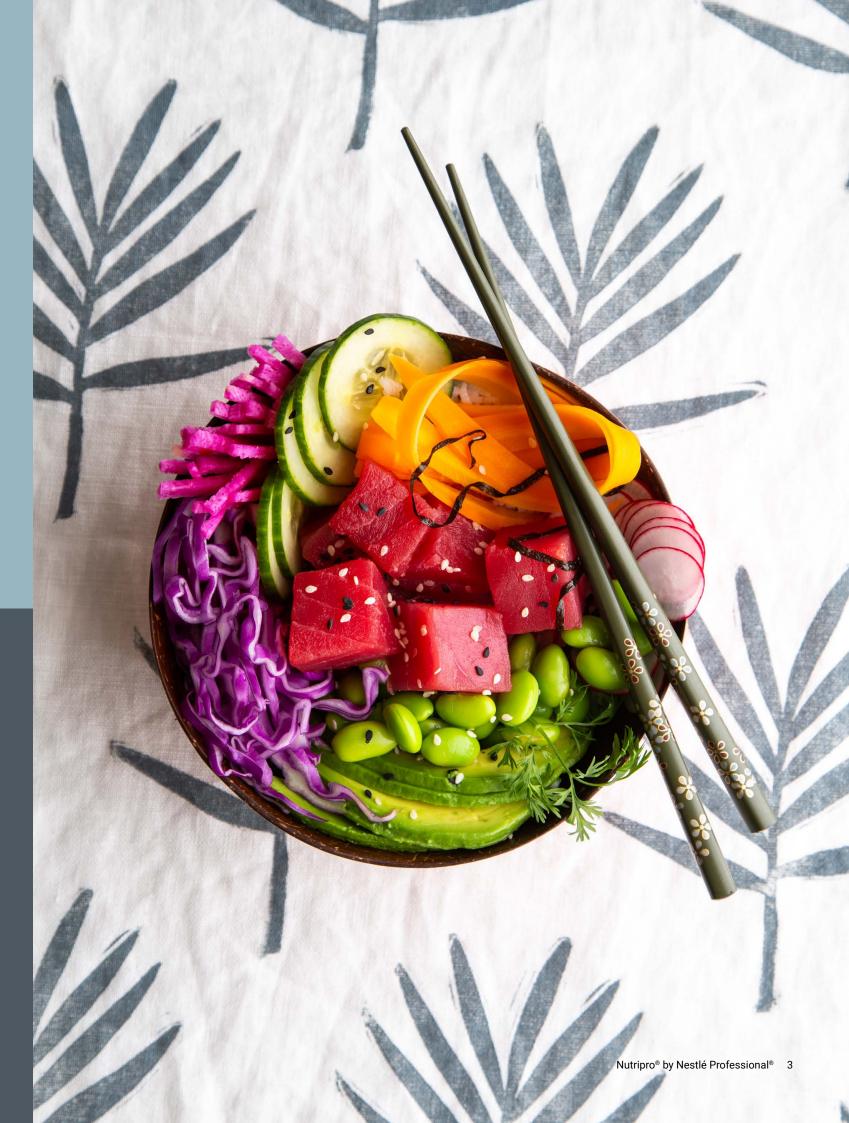


More Natural Ingredients

Almost 60% of respondents in eight European countries see a close connection between "natural" and "healthy," while 62% of consumers in Asia Pacific and 70% in the Middle East and Africa are interested in products with natural claims.3

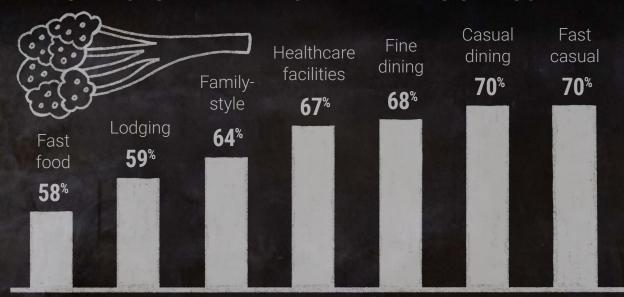


Familiar Preparation Methods A study of 30,000 people in 60 countries showed that traditional food production methods are perceived as preserving the food's



ERES

EXPECTATIONS EXTEND INTO EVERY DINING CATEGORY.



While 7 out of 10 consumers expect to find more natural, authentic food in casual dining and fast casual restaurants, more than half of them expect even fast food and lodging to offer this type of food.⁷

INGREDIENTS:

WHAT CONSUMERS WANT TO SEE ON A MENU⁸

61% WANT NATURAL



31% WANT

TODAY'S CONSUMERS ARE INCREASINGLY INTERESTED IN LOCAL OR NATURAL FOODS.

OF AMERICAN CONSUMERS ARE MORE LIKELY TO VISIT A RESTAURANT THAT OFFERS LOCALLY SOURCED FOOD⁹

MOST CONSUMERS

CONSIDER

LOCAL

70% GLOBALLY³



43%

F CONSUMERS ARE

MORE LIKELY

TO PURCHASE AND SPEND MORE FOR NATURAL FOODS⁸



OF OPERATORS SAY NATURAL INGREDIENTS HAVE A POSITIVE EFFECT ON SALES⁸

Consider the Source

Consumers increasingly want to know what's in their food, and one way you can reassure them is by drawing attention to where it comes from. By incorporating meat and produce from local farms into your menu, you can provide more of the transparency that your guests are hungry for.

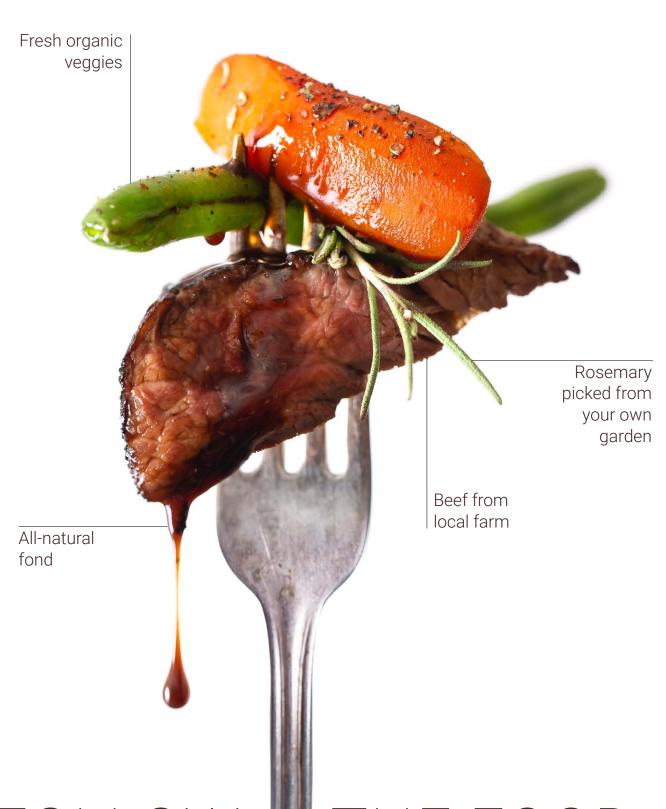
There are many ways to source fresher, more natural, and more authentic foods. As the farm-to-fork trend becomes the new normal,10 you can partner with nearby farms to supply chicken, beef, or seasonal produce. Some restaurants are moving the "farm" closer to their tables,11 offering salad greens grown in their own plot or herbs snipped from a greenhouse on-site. You can also give your guests an authentic experience by buying food from the regions where it's grown such as virgin olive oil from Greece or Parmesan cheese from Italy.

Making these ingredients the stars of your dishes will go a long way toward building consumer trust, and you can get creative with all-natural sauces, fonds, and other accents from your existing suppliers to complete the experience.

WHY INCLUDE LOCAL FOOD?

- 1. It supports the local economy. With 59% of consumers rating "social responsibility" as an important factor when choosing restaurants,12 being a good citizen of your community is a good strategy. By sourcing some ingredients from your neighbours, you can help support the local economy, and your guests will be happy to help support them, too.
- 2. It lets you experiment with seasonal variety. It's always a pleasure to add just-picked produce to your menu, and customers appreciate it, too. In fact, seasonal menus deliver 26% more orders!13
- 3. It's fresher. When the farm is hours or minutes from the kitchen, ingredients can be served at peak freshness. Some consumers may perceive fresher food as healthier, and fresher food will likely have better colour and texture.
- 4. It's environmentally friendly. When meat and produce come from local farms, they don't have to travel as far to the restaurant, and less energy is spent on refrigerating them along the way.

SHARE YOUR SOURCES Celebrate your relationships with local vendors by promoting them on the menu or poeting seasonal produce on hoards in your restaurant. SHARE YOUR SOURCES Celebrate your relationships with local vendors by P them on the menu or posting seasonal produce on boards in your restaurant. We're proud to serve free-range chicken from Red Rooster Farms Fresh blueberries from Kingwood Acres in Golden City



FOLLOW

THEFOOD

THE PSYCHOLOGY OF COLOUR

We already know that colour appeals to people's visual senses, but did you know it can also affect the way they experience its flavour? One study showed that adding food colouring can deliver as much as 10% more perceived sweetness. Another showed that adding food colouring to a clear solution changed the way people detected basic tastes in the solution.

10 tips for cooking with colour

- Use fresh, uncooked fruits and vegetables to add pigment, or complement pale foods with bright sauces like green pesto or mango salsa
- Keep the flavour profile of pigments in mind when adding them to dishes to make sure they don't clash.
- 3. Blend fresh or cooked berries into batters or beverages to make them pink, purple, or blue.
- 4. Freeze-dry fruits and grind to a powder for a shelf-stable dye you can mix into frostings or beverages.
- 5. Cook and puree beets, spinach, or squash and work it into pasta to turn it red, green, or orange.

- 6. Ask your fishmonger for squid ink that you can add to pasta, rice, or bread to make it black. For a vegan option, you can also use charcoal powder as a
- Soak saffron in water for a rich golden hue, traditionally used in rice, paella, and bouillabaisse.

black dye.

- 8. Mix ground coffee or cocoa powder into icings for cakes and cookies.
- Add golden-yellow turmeric powder to brighten curry, eggs, meat, tofu, or potatoes.
- Stir in some dried spirulina (algae powder) to turn yogurt or ice cream a beautiful blue.

YELLOW: reduced the detection threshold for sourness and increased the threshold for the detection of sweetness.

GREEN: decreased people's detection of sweetness.

RED: reduced the threshold for the detection of bitterness.¹⁵

DID YOU KNOW?

Blood orange, light orange, citrus, and pink are trending up in consumer products.¹⁶

Nature's Palette Fruits, vegetables, spices, and other natural sources yield every colour of the rainbow, allowing you to enhance the natural hues in any dish or add interest to pale or colourless foods like pasta, rice, yogurt, pastries, and beverages. **PUMPKINS TURMERIC CARROTS TOMATOES PAPRIKA SWEET POTATOES** RED SAFFRON CABBAGE **STRAWBERRIES** COCOA **SPINACH** COFFEE SQUID INK CHARCOAL POWDER SEAWEED **RASPBERRIES** BLUEBERRIES **MATCHA** Nutripro® by Nestlé Professi

Enhancing TEXTURES

Some dishes need additional ingredients to hold their form or improve their mouthfeel, but you don't have to rely on artificial emulsifiers, thickeners, or other unrecognisable ingredients to do that. Instead, try these natural ingredients to provide these important culinary functions.

THICKENING

Starch is a time-honoured way to add body and a smooth mouthfeel to sauce or soup, and it's also used in some desserts and candy. It can be made from many ingredients, including corn, tapioca, and potato. Note that vegetable starches need to be blended in gradually, have a short holding time when reconstituted, and are not freeze/thaw stable.

BINDING

While not as familiar to Western diners, Guar gum, made from dried guar beans, is commonly used for binding milk solids, flour, oil, and spices together in Indian desserts such as besan ladoo. It can also As another natural alternative, seaweed be found in baked goods and ice cream, and it may be used to thicken, improve texture, and extend shelf life.

EMULSIFYING

Because some of the proteins in eggs attract water while others repel it, they are ideal for emulsifying oil-and-water mixtures. However, note that eggs are a common food allergen and also not suitable for vegan recipes. Mustard seeds have a natural coating called mucilage that also attracts water, so mustard can be helpful for emulsifying vinaigrettes.

GELLING

Gelatin from animal bones or hides can be used to help certain foods set, but it's not suitable for vegetarian dishes and tends to melt when subjected to heat. agar will set gels effectively, and it is much more heat-stable.

DID YOU KNOW?

Guar beans are legumes that are native to Asia. They are eaten whole in some traditional Indian stir-fries, curries, and soups, or turned into the natural guar gum used in many products.



Flauours Building

One of the pleasures of cooking is playing with the flavour of foods, and adding or intensifying tastes with certain ingredients allows you to experiment while giving guests the natural, authentic experience they want.

BITTER

Emphasize bitterness with citrus zest, squid ink, dark chocolate, or espresso powder.

SAVOURY/UMAMI

The savoury taste of umami has been identified as one of the flavours responsible for people "liking" a food.17 It occurs naturally in foods that contain the common amino acid glutamate, like meat, sun-dried tomatoes, Parmesan cheese, and mushrooms.

Certain ingredients also interact with each other to enhance umami flavours

TRY THESE COMBINATIONS

Kombu Onions, celery, seaweed + dried and carrot + beef

Spring onions and ginger + chicken

SALTY

White table salt is a standard, but it's far from the only choice. Salts from various parts of the world can add interest in terms of colour and texture, along with interesting variations in mineral flavours.

Kosher Himalayan pink Sea salt

Black Hawaiian Fleur de sel Smoked salt

FIRE & ICE

While they're not related to temperature, the experiences we perceive as "burning" or "cooling" can also intensify the eating experience. Look for these ingredients to turn up the heat or keep your guests cool.

HOT Hot pepper Cinnamon Ginger Garlic

COLD Mint **Tarragon**

SWEET

Try nature's own sweeteners, such as honey and maple syrup. Both of these ingredients add their own flavour profile along with extra sweetness. You can also use ingredients like natural stevia leaves to enhance sweetness without adding additional calories.

A squeeze of lemon or a dollop of yogurt or sour cream adds sourness that sets off other flavours

dramatically. You can also experiment

with the many flavoured vinegars

SOUR

PRESERVE the goodness

With the shift toward natural, authentic ingredients and processes, there's a rising interest in traditional preservation methods.

DRYING

Drying is an ancient technique that removes water from food to prevent microbe growth. Food can be dried in the sun, oven, or freezer. Dried foods retain many of their nutrients, can be stored at room temperature, and can be used in their dried form or rehydrated.

SALTING

Like drying, salting pulls the liquid out of foods to inhibit microbe growth. Meat and vegetables can be preserved by pressing them between layers of dry salt and sealing them, or brining them in a liquid solution.

SMOKING

Meat, poultry, and fish can be preserved through smoking, another ancient preservation method that dries food while adding colour and flavour. The food is typically soaked in brine before being exposed to smoke and then refrigerated.

PICKLING

Green vegetables and fruit can be preserved by pickling, a 4000-year-old method which involves soaking them in a hot brine of water, salt, sugar, vinegar, and spices. Pickled foods can be kept in sealed containers for several months without spoiling.

CANNING

Canning is much like preserving fruit, except that vegetables or sauces are placed in jars with only water, then sealed and immersed in a boiling water bath to kill microbes. These foods last approximately one year.

MARINATING

Soaking or injecting meat or poultry with an acidic marinade made from vinegar, lemon juice, soy sauce, or wine can extend its shelf life by limiting microbial growth. Food should be stored in the refrigerator while marinating and cooked within five days.

G CONFITURE

Ripe fruit can be preserved by cooking it with a high concentration of sugar, sealing it in jars, and boiling the jars in water. This method can be used to make preserves, jams, and jellies, which last for about two years unopened.











Fermentation is another ancient way to prevent food from spoiling-but unlike most preservation methods, it purposely introduces bacteria to the food. Using a living culture of friendly micro-organisms, it changes the food into something that tastes different and lasts longer. This method has been used to create many types of fermented foods and beverages around the globe.

In some foods, processes like pasteurization, baking, and filtering destroy the organisms responsible for fermentation. However, foods and beverages like kimchi, yogurt, kombucha, and sauerkraut still contain live cultures when we consume them. These beneficial bacteria, known as probiotics, may benefit human health by reducing risk for some acute and chronic diseases and helping maintain a healthy gut.18

KOMBUCHA THE NEW CRAFT DRINK Some restaurants now serve fermented drinks like kombucha on tap, adding to their guests' experience and increasing their profits. FERMENTED FOODS FROM AROUND THE WORLD



TEMPE

Nutripro® by Nestlé Professional® 17

There are many ways you can demonstrate your commitment to more natural ingredients.

PUT YOUR WORK ON DISPLAY

From food trucks to open windows in brick-and-mortar establishments, guests enjoy being able to see into the kitchen where they can watch their food being made. If your layout does not allow this, you can tell these stories yourself by explaining the way you make your food or sharing photos of your visits to local farms and markets on social media.

INVITE THE FARMS IN

If you rely on local farms for your ingredients, share their names proudly on signage or in the menu. You might post a board that you can update season-byseason, noting where certain ingredients were harvested and what dishes they're featured in. (This can be a smart way to boost sales, too.) Guests enjoy learning that you support your local community, and knowing that they're eating something grown or raised nearby makes them feel good about dining with you.

GROW HERBS IN PLAIN SIGHT

Potted herbs in the windowsill add colour to your restaurant and make diners feel close to their food. Consider labelling each pot to educate guests and add another layer of transparency to what you do. As a bonus, growing your own herbs means that you always have a fresh supply on hand, ready to snip and serve as you need them.

PROMOTE YOUR NATURAL **INGREDIENTS & METHODS**

Consumers are looking for foods like this, so if you've got them, flaunt them! Consider adding descriptive language to play up natural flavours (ground vanilla bean, crushed strawberries) on the menu, and train your servers to describe how herbs are locally grown or vegetables are pickled in-house.

The movement back toward more natural ingredients can be an exciting time for the restaurant industry. This is our opportunity to explore the world of plants and animal ingredients more closely and deliver amazing dining experiences that guests perceive as fresher, healthier, and more desirable.







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